

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS—FRIDAY.

Earl Beauchamp's Bill to regulate the sale of liquor at railway stations was read a first time.

The Marquis of LOTHIAN undertook to lay on the table a return giving information as to the relief of parents in Scotland from payment of school fees through the probate grant.

On the motion of the Marquis of Salisbury, it was ordered that on Tuesdays the sitting of the House should commence at half-past five o'clock.

Lord TRINCOM created a little scene by persisting in making a speech out of order in reference to some circumstances connected with the British Syrian mission, which, after many remonstrances, was only stopped at length by a motion that he should not be heard.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—FRIDAY.

Mr LABOUCHERE re-appeared, and was cheered by his friends on the expiration of his sentence of suspension. Mr Balfour also appeared in the House, having recovered from his recent indisposition.

Various questions were put to Mr Balfour by Mr MacNeill, Mr P J Power, and Mr Kenny, regarding the Donegal evictions and other matters.

Mr J H M'CARTHY asked was there any truth in the statement of Arthur V Palmer in an article in the *Nineteenth Century*, that there was treachery on the part of two "Glasgow Irishmen" at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir.

Mr STANHOPE said he had no information on the subject, but perhaps General Hamley, who took a distinguished part in that action, could throw some light on the matter.

Mr M'CARTHY gave notice to repeat his question on Monday.

In reply to Mr Howorth.

Mr BALFOUR said he would have inquiry made whether there were any cases in which Irish landlords had sold their houses or demesnes under the Ashbourne Act.

Mr JENNINGS created some excitement by giving notice that, in the event of Mr Smith's motion regarding the Parnell Commission Report becoming the substantive question, he would move to add as an amendment words declaring that the House deemed it its duty to record its condemnation of the conduct of those who were responsible for the accusation of complicity in murder brought against members of the House, discovered to be based mainly on forged letters, and declared by the Special Commissioners to be disproved. It is said that this proposal has the support of Lord Randolph Churchill.

The debate on the Parnell Commission Report was resumed by Mr Justin M'Carthy, after whom,

Sir HENRY JAMES spoke in support of Mr Smith's motion, making one of the most powerful speeches, if not the most powerful, of the debate.

He was followed by Mr Asquith and Mr Hall.

Dr WALLACE was then about to address the House when,

Mr HALLEY STEWART called attention to the fact that there were not forty members present, and the House was then counted out before 9 o'clock.

No communication will be attended to unless authenticated by signature of the writer, as a guarantee for accuracy, but not necessary for publication. We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Advertisements to secure insertion should be sent to the office before twelve o'clock on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Where no accounts are already opened, small advertisements must be prepaid.

For the future, Substitute for Advertisements will not be taken on days of publication. They must be handed in not later than five o'clock on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday Evenings.

All post-office orders and letters of credit should be made payable, and communications generally should be addressed to THE MANAGER of the LIMERICK CHRONICLE.

unfriendliness towards him. If our article could be construed to bear such an interpretation, we have not the slightest hesitation to declare that nothing was further from our intention than to asperse him, and we unqualifiedly express our regret if this meaning has been put upon our words." The unpleasant incident, we are sure, ends here. Sir James has done what it was his duty to do—namely, not to rest under what might appear to some an unworthy imputation. When the attention of the *Freeman* was called to the objectionable words, it "frankly and fully" declared it had no intention of making such a charge against him, and expressed its unqualified regret if such a meaning had been put upon the words of the article. The result is satisfactory in every way.

At the opening of the City Commission yesterday, Baron Dowse was able to inform the Grand Jury that their duties were not heavy. There were only six bills to go before them, four of which were for one case. As far as crime was concerned the City was in a very satisfactory state, the number of offences specially reported by the Constabulary having diminished from eleven last year to seven this year. On the other hand the convictions for drunkenness had increased by the very great number of 329. This is a matter of very serious consideration, and it is a wonder that the amount of crime is so small, for drunkenness leads most inevitably to crime. Instead of that we have the increase of convictions for drunkenness, with a decrease in serious crime. Every moral effort should be made to diminish a vice which may be said to be the only blot upon the city record. Moral means alone are available, for legislation is powerless to arrest the progress of what is almost assuming the dimensions of a national vice. A man ought to be able to know when to stop short—he ought to exercise the same self-control in regard to drink that he has to exercise in regard to everything else. He ought to be able to drink without getting drunk, or else he ought not to drink intoxicating liquors at all. Baron Dowse referred briefly to the recent strike in the bacon trade, now settled by the prompt and praiseworthy action of his Lordship the Bishop, assisted by several of his clergy. One remark we direct attention to, for it speaks volumes in favour of the working men of Limerick—namely, that whilst so many hundreds were out on strike not a single breach of the peace had occurred.

Mr H. R. and Mrs Clifton, Clifton Hall, Nottingham, have arrived at the Shannon Hotel, Castleconnell.

We are obliged, owing to pressure on our space, to hold over the report of the Assault-at-Arms at the Athenaeum, to our next issue.

A Reuter's telegram announces that the owners of two American yachts will despatch a challenge to Lord Dunraven by to-morrow's mail for a race with the Valkyrie.

The usual weekly meeting of the Bible Class in connection with the Protestant Young Men's Association, will be held on Monday evening next, at eight o'clock.

The Right Rev. Dr. Graves, Lord Bishop of Limerick, intends holding a Confirmation in St Mary's Cathedral for the Limerick District, some time about the 15th of May.

We understand that the man Michael O'Brien is further reprieved from Tuesday next to the 31st inst, and that in the meantime the case will be further considered in the Appeal Court.

On St Patrick's Day a special service will be held in the Cathedral at 8 p.m. Canon Wills will preach, and the cantata, "St Patrick's Breast Plate," by Sir R. Stewart, will be sung by a largely augmented choir.

The annual Sermon in aid of the Limerick Protestant Orphan Society will be preached on

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE DR. THOMAS KANE, J.P.

The remains of this deeply lamented and venerated citizen were interred to-day at the family burial place, St. Michael's Church. The morning was misty and inclement, but the attendance of the general public nevertheless was very large and representative, fully attesting to the high esteem in which the deceased gentleman was held in this city and district. The cortege left 90 George street, at 9.30 o'clock, and during its progress through the streets almost all the establishments had shutters up, while the pious in the monster houses were drawn half way—all as a last mark of respect to Dr Kane's memory. The chief mourners were—Mr Richard J. Kane, son, Mr James Greene Barry, J.P., son-in-law, Mr N. J. Barry, and Mr T. O'C. Devitt. The clergy present were—Rev Fathers O'Shea, Adm., Healy, Murray, Gleeson (Parteen), O'Grady, O'Keefe, and Dr Hallinan.

Amongst the general public we noticed—Lord Emly, Lord Clarina, Mr J. P. White, D.L.; Dra. Gelston (2); J. O'Shaughnessy, J.P.; Bourke, Barry, Enright, Holmes, Shanahan, Graham, Malone, Ryan (Castleconnell), R. and P. W. O'Connor, G. Myles, T. G. O'Sullivan, Fogarty, Riordan, Mr F. Kearney, solicitor; Mr P. S. Connolly, solicitor; Mr B. Nash, solicitor; Mr H. Blackall, solicitor; Mr W. Leahy, solicitor; Mr Pitt, solicitor; Mr Kenny, solicitor; Alderman John Dundon, solicitor; Mr E. C. Baker, solicitor; Mr John Ellard, Clerk of the Crown and Peace; Mr B. Barrington, solicitor; Mr Wormleighton, Mr John Vanderkiste, J.P.; Mr J. F. Bannatyne, Captain Vanderkiste, J.P.; Mr E. M'Donnell, J.P.; Mr Coroner DeCoursey, Mr James Nash, J.P.; Mr Wm. Spillane, J.P.; Mr J. Spillane, Mr J. C. T. Day, Captain Hunt, R.N.; Colonel Hunt, Mr J. Shine, J.P.; Mr J. F. Power, Mr F. W. M'Carthy, Mr John F. Murray, Mr William M'Donnell, Mr James Frost, J.P.; Mr John Morton, Manager, Provincial Bank; Mr James Haran, J.P., Manager, National Bank; the Mayor, Alderman Gabbett, J.P.; Mr F. W. M'Carthy, Mr W. Egan, Mr Deane, Mr Martin Morris, C.E.; Mr M. E. Conway, Mr J. A. Place, Rev J. Dowd, Mr Archibald Murray, Mr Alfred Allen, Mr J. J. Browne, C.E.; Mr William Barrington, C.E.; Mr J. Clune, T.C.; Mr T. A. Furnell, Mr David Tidmarsh, Mr P. R. Toppin, Manager, Cannock & Co.; Mr T. McMahon Cregan, J.P.; Mr T. A. Ferguson, Mr O. D. Coll, V.S.; Captain Kenny, Mr S. F. Dowling, J.P.; Mr W. G. Gubbins, J.P.; Mr James Harris, Mr Z. Myles, J.P.; Mr Newsom, Surgeon-Major Murphy, J.P., Mr S. Hastings, J.P.; Mr F. G. M. Kennedy, J.P.; Mr F. St. C. Hobson, Mr T. Gabbett, Mr E. C. Winter, V.S.; Mr W. Corbett, C.E.; Mr P. Corbett, Mr William Lloyd, Mr N. A. Brophy, Mr Richard Lee, Mr S. E. Lee, Mr Martin M'Guire, Mr Laurence E. Ryan, T.C.; Mr A. O'Keefe, Mr James Welby, Mr S. Cox, C.E.; Mr W. J. Hall, B.E.; Mr M. Lenihan, J.P.; Mr M. Morris, C.E.; Mr W. F. O'Grady, J.P.; Mr J. Wallace, Mr Woodhouse, Mr Sheahan, Master of the Workhouse; Mr Hayes, National Teacher; Mr J. G. Kelly, J.P.; Mr W. J. Howell, Mr A. Wilkinson, the Crescent; Mr John Baker, Ashbourne; Mr W. DeCoursey, Mr H. J. Guinane, Mr J. Guinane, J.P.; Mr J. C. Smith; Mr J. T. M'Donagh, Mr Griffin, Mr Hayes, Mr J. M. Scott, and various others of the staff of Cannock and Company were present, the deceased gentleman having been the medical attendant of the house for many years.

The following sent carriages—Mr J. G. Barry, J.P.; Lord Emly, the Most Rev Dr O'Dwyer, Mr R. Hunt, J.P.; Mr Coll, V.S.; Lord Clarina, Mr J. F. Bannatyne, Mr H. Blackall, solicitor; Mr J. Shine, J.P.; Mr Archibald Murray, Mr W. S. Cox, C.E.; Mrs O'Callaghan, the Crescent; Mrs O'Brien, Southhill; Mr J. G. Kelly, J.P.; Mr E. M'Donnell, J.P.; Mr F. G. M. Kennedy, J.P.; Mrs Gloster, Parteen; Mr Hobson, Lanahrone; Mr S. F. Dowling, J.P.; Mr W. Wilkinson, the Crescent; Father Gleeson, P.P., Parteen; Mr M. Egan, Mr James Quin, J.P.; Mr John Ellard, Mr J. Harris, Mr J. E. Tinsley, Mr George Westropp, Quinsboro'; Dr T. Gelston, Mr M. E. Conway, Mrs Wallace, George-st, Dr F. W. O'Connor, Mr E. Punch, Dr Myles, Mr J. B. Alton, Mr T. Harrigan, Mr J. O'Grady Delmege, J.P. The remains were enclosed in a suite of coffins, the outer one being of polished oak, heavily mounted, and artistically panelled. It was covered with beautiful wreaths of lilies, maiden hair fern and violets, and several others in addition were placed on the grave. Father O'Shea, Administrator, read the funeral service. Messrs Cannock and Company carried out the funeral arrangements.

LIMERICK BOAT CLUB.

The annual general meeting of this club was held in the Athenaeum on Saturday last. There was a large attendance of members. The hon. secretary's and treasurer's reports being con-

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A SET.

This, in fact, existed five years ago. Most Rev Dr the matter is really, and so men, while M sented the m took place on was that at all made.

"1st. The work shall not the strike. 2nd any pig money pigs. 3rd. The money as follows (according to the ment) a fixed year's purchase per pig. 4th. three classes—according to the chant's memo 5th. In Mess their places in their wages be Matterson's w level as Mess the establishm working days, shall be three

"Acce

"6th March, "Schedule— class, full share; third share."

A meeting of the Bazaar's Room, signed the aw were they will hands a reply a few dissentier to Messrs Shaw Mr A Shaw the returned to the a large n to return but subsequent figured so cons ceedings of the strikers, and ob cluding the neg with Mr Davitt the supporters (the ascendant, s his party retire adopted. Mr Au Trades, also left sequently when until the Cork r decision became

The state of f was further sho the stores were of work. The different establi each a few of Messrs Dennys' accompanied by present. When Dennys' men di work. His Lo them to stand by to on the previo to abide by hi award and poin A few of the me Bishop's remark amid loud cheer followed by num on the scene at t ship that a large Shaw's men had ing this made a men to go in, a advice. After a did not resume v Sheehan, and l was decided that go to work if t Austin, Secretar Association, who would not advise dispute, and ann negotiations on fore is now at an not be given to t unceasing efforts the public at larg a dispute which

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SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, 1890

It may be remembered that immediately after the recent meeting of the Waterford and Limerick Railway Company the *Freeman's Journal*, in a leading article, very severely